

# Winter Weather in VT – The Science, Preparation and National Weather Service Headlines





2023 Vermont Emergency Preparedness
Conference

Burke Mountain Hotel and Conference Center 21 September 2023

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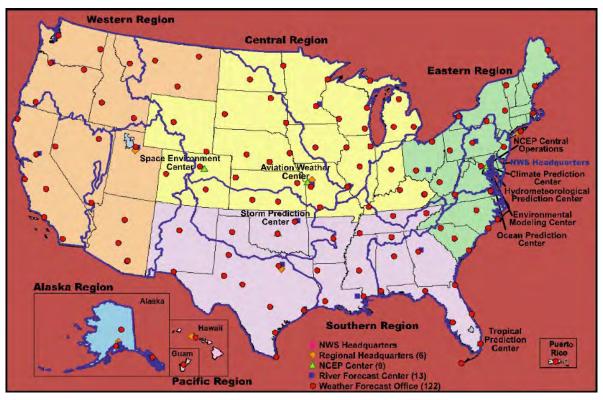
#### Outline

- NWS Burlington Introduction
- NWS Warning Services
- NWS Decision Support Services
  - Services and Messaging to Support Decision Makers
- Climatology of Winter Weather Events and Review of 2022-23 Winter
  - Nor'easters
  - Freezing Rain / Ice Storm
  - Strong, Localized Damaging Winds



#### **NWS Office Structure and Mission**

Provide climate, water, weather forecasts, warnings and Decision Support Services to protect life and property.



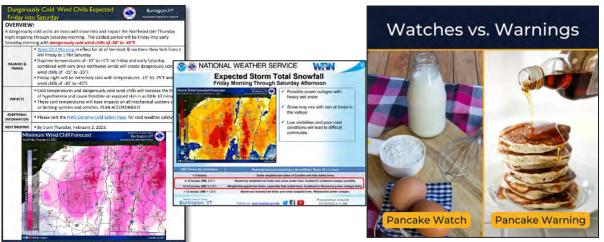
**NWS Burlington** is the State Liaison Office and services all of Vermont except Bennington and Windham counties.

**NWS Albany** services Bennington/Windham counties.





#### NWS Headlines and Timeline of NWS Products

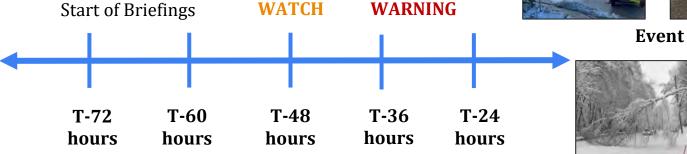


**Watch:** Most of the ingredients are there, but still need more as well as increased certainty and time.

**Warning:** ALL ingredients are there in proper measurement and event is imminent.









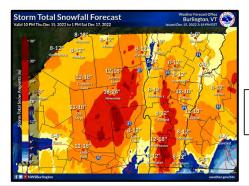
# **NWS Decision Support Services**

#### **Forecasts and Services:**

What you need, When you need it and in the format(plain language) for the user to understand

WHY?! - Forecasts have NO "intrinsic value" alone.

They acquire value by people taking the correct, appropriate action to mitigate the hazard.



#### Which is more effective?

Decision Support Services

Forecast

Snow accumulation 4 to 8 inches.

Wet Snow Accumulation of 4 to 8 inches

Heavy, wet snow will weigh down tree limbs and power lines for possible isolated to scattered power outages

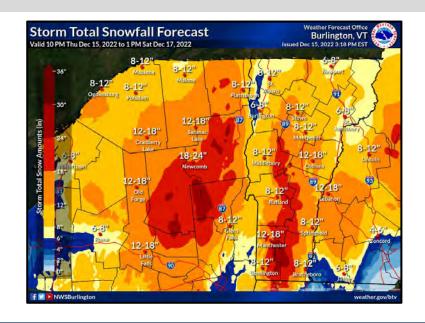




# Messaging Potential Impacts

#### **BTV Best Practice**

- Rather than just showing a map of Snow accumulation, try to reference that map with the potential impacts for users to plan, prepare and take action if necessary.
- Developed by using decades of NWS storm data and collaborating with KEY partners on storm history and impacts to their operations as well as past research.
- Similar efforts with Strong winds and Ice accumulation potential impacts.

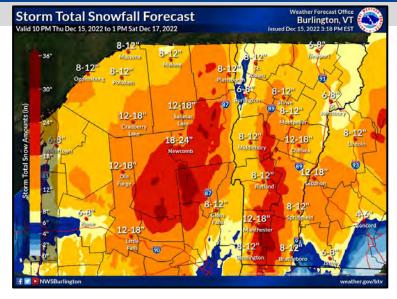


WET Snow Accumulation	Potential Impacts assuming a Snow/Water Ratio 10:1 or less
< 5 inches	Some weighted tree limbs of Conifers and fully leafed trees
5-10 inches (WE .5-1")	Numerous weighted tree limbs and some power lines, Isolated to scattered outages possible.
10-15 inches (WE 1-1.5")	Weighted/snapped tree limbs, especially fully leafed trees. Scattered to Numerous power outages likely.
> 15 inches (WE > 1.5")	Numerous downed tree limbs and some snapped trees. Widespread power outages.



### WET Snow – Potential Impacts (Dec 15-17, 2022)

- ✓ Snow begins late this evening with intervals of heavy snow Friday
- **✓** Possible power outages with heavy wet snow
- ✓ Snow may mix with rain at times in the valleys Friday afternoon
- ✓ Low visibilities and poor road conditions will lead to difficult commutes Friday



We have a 8:1 Snow Water Ratio Potential Impact Table as well

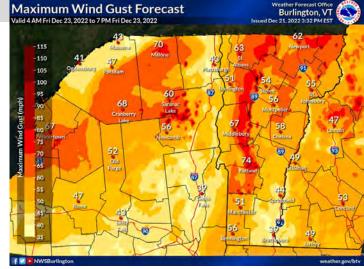
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# Strong Winds – Potential Impacts (Dec 23, 2022)

- ✓ Southeast winds increase Thursday night and peak mid-morning to early afternoon on Friday.
- ✓ Widespread gusts of 40-50 mph are expected, with up to 65 mph along the western facing slopes of the higher terrain. Summit winds will gust as high 100 mph.
- ✓ Downed tree limbs and/or trees on power lines will result in numerous to widespread power outages.



Wind Speeds	Potential Impacts	
< 35 mph	Little impact	
35-45 mph	Possible blowing of unsecured objects, small tree limbs down. Isolated power outages possible.	
45-55 mph	Several small and larger limbs and small shallow rooted trees possibly knocked down. Scattered power outages possible.	
55-65 mph	Numerous branches, several small trees and a few large trees likely knocked down. Scattered shingle damage possible. Scattered to numerous power outages likely.	
65-75 mph	Several larger trees likely knocked down or uprooted. Utility lines possibly down. Scattered structural damage possible due to wind and fallen trees. Numerous to widespread power outages likely.	
>75 mph	Numerous trees likely knocked down or uprooted. Utility lines likely down. Scattered to numerous structural damage possible due to wind and fallen trees. Widespread power outages likely.	



### Messaging Potential Ice Impacts

- **Elevated Horizontal Ice Thickness** is a direct measurement of the depth of ice on top of a flat object above the surface.
  - The official NWS ice accretion forecast uses this technique

Mean Radial Ice Thickness is a measurement of ice accretion around a circular branch or wire.

The conversion between the two methods is to multiple the **Elevated Horizontal Ice Thickness** by 0.4 to get the Mean Radial Ice Thickness.



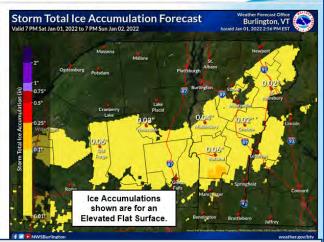
#### NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE





#### Ice Accumulation Totals and Potential Impacts

- Freezing rain will accrete up to a tenth of an inch of ice across mainly central and south-central Vermont and Essex County, New York tonight into Sunday morning.
- Slippery to hazardous travel is likely, especially on untreated surfaces.



Ice Accumulation	Potential Impacts		
Trace to < ¼" FLAT (T to 0.1" Radial)	Slick to Hazardous road and pedestrian surfaces, especially untreated surfaces.		
1/4 to 1/2" FLAT (0.1" to 0.2" Radial)	Hazardous, icy road conditions and some weighted tree limbs. Very isolated power outages possible near $1/2$ " FLAT.		
1/2 to 1 inch FLAT (0.2" to 0.4" Radial)	Dangerous road conditions, hanging limbs and Isolated ( $1/2$ " FLAT) to Scattered power outages ( $1$ " FLAT) possible.		
1 to 2 inches FLAT (0.4" to 0.8" Radial)	Scattered (1" FLAT) to numerous (2" FLAT) power outages likely, possibly lasting a few days. Downed tree limbs and utility lines. Very Dangerous road conditions.		
> 2 inches FLAT	Numerous to widespread power outages lasting several days. Downed tree limbs, trees and utility lines,		



 Winter Climatology and Comparison to Winter 2022-23

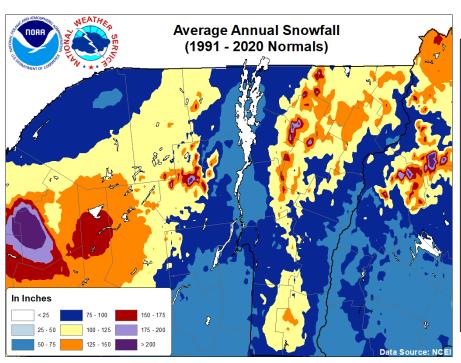
Winter Weather in VT

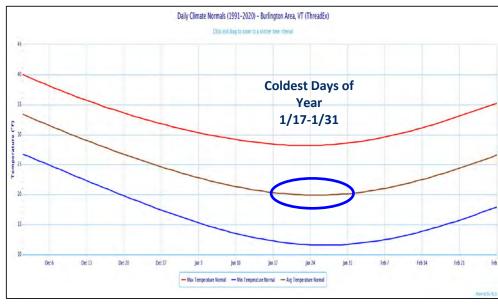




# Snowfall and Temperature Climatology

Burlington Int'l Airport (South Burlington) ~ 85 inches

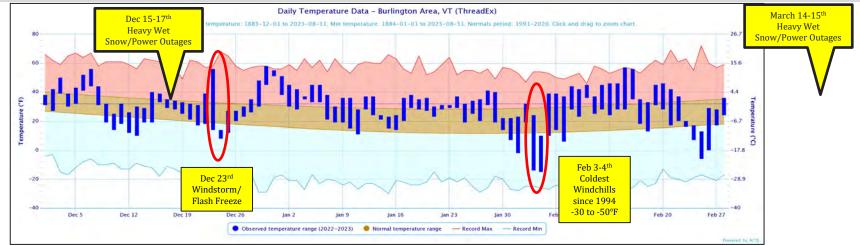






### Winter 2022-23 Temperatures at Burlington, VT

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Warmest Winter



#### Winter – 24.0°F

Rank	Season	Mean Avg Tempe	erature	
1	2015-2016	30.1		
2	2016-2017	29.5		
3	2022-2023	29.0	+ 5.0 F	
4	2001-2002	28.7		
5	2011-2012	27.8		
6	1932-1933	27.5		
7	1905-1906	27.3		
8	1936-1937	26.3		
9	2019-2020	26.1		
10	1931-1932	25.9		

#### Dec - 28.2°F

Rank	Year	Mean Avg Temperature		
1	2015	39.2		
2	2006	32.6		
-	2001	32.6		
-	1996	32.6		
5	1998	31.9		
6	2021	31.8		
-	1982	31.8 + <b>3.4</b> F		
-	1923	31.8		
9	2022	31.6		
10	1953	31.4		

#### Jan - 20.9°F

Rank	Year	Mean Avg Tem	perature
1	1906	31.0	
2	1990	29.8	
3	2017	29.7	+ 8.3 F
-	1932	29.7	+ 0.3 F
5	2023	29.2	
6	1933	29.1	
7	2006	28.2	
8	1995	27.9	
9	1913	27.8	
10	1937	27.6	

#### Feb – 22.9°F

Rank	Year	Mean Avg Temperature
1	1981	32.9
2	2018	30.6
3	2017	29.8
4	1984	28.7
5	2012	28.3
6	1998	27.7
7	1954	27.1
8	1925	26.9
9	1991	26.5 + <b>3.2</b> F
10	2016	26.3
11	2023	26.1





# Types of Winter Storms and Impacts in Vermont

#### Nor'easter

- Large amounts of snow, breezy/windy conditions.
- Wet, heavy snow vs. Powdery dry snow (Dec '22/Mar '23)
- **Impacts:** Travel and potential power outage.



- Largely travel impacts with accumulations < 1/4" radial.
- Occurs multiple times each winter. (Freezing Rain).
- Tree/power issues with radial ice accumulation > ¼", especially ≥ ½" (Ice Storm – every ~10+ years).
- **Impacts:** Travel and power outages depending on the areal coverage and ice accumulation.

#### Localized High/Damaging Wind Events

- Frequent wind gusts in excess of 50 mph (Dec '22)
- Impacts: Power outages depending on intensity and areal coverage















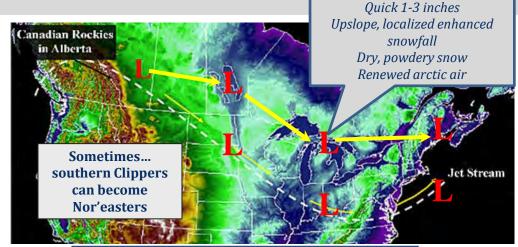
# Types of Winter Storms and Impacts in Vermont

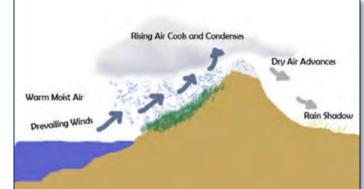
#### "Clipper"

- Light amount of snowfall, breezy and much colder with generally an arctic air mass.
- **Impacts:** Minor travel

#### Upslope Events

- Localized heavy snowfall in the mountain upslope regions.
- **Impacts:** Minor travel

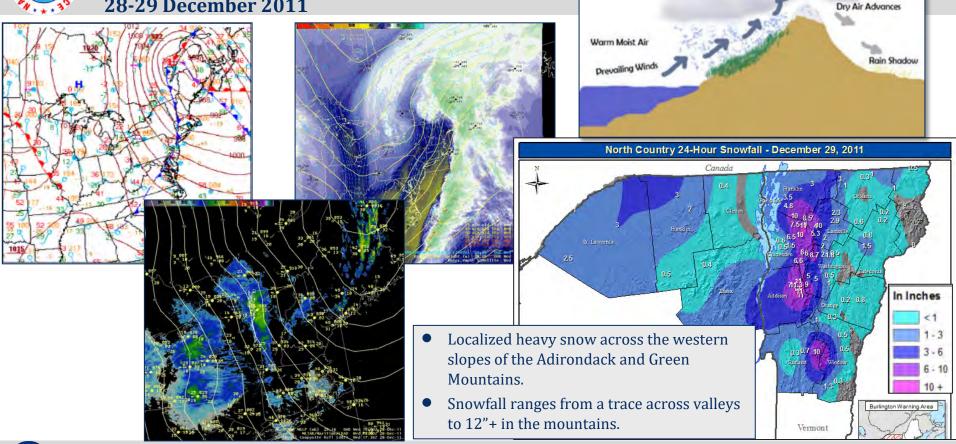






# **Upslope Snowfall Event**

28-29 December 2011



Rising Air Cools and Condenses



# More In-Depth Look at Impactful Storms

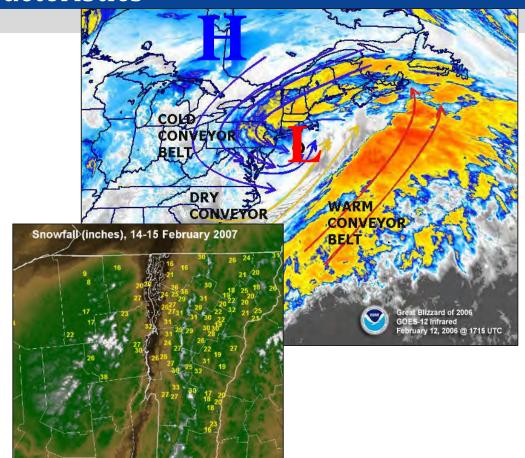
- Nor'easter (Dec '22/Mar '23)
- Ice Storm (Jan '98)
- Damaging Winds (Dec '22)





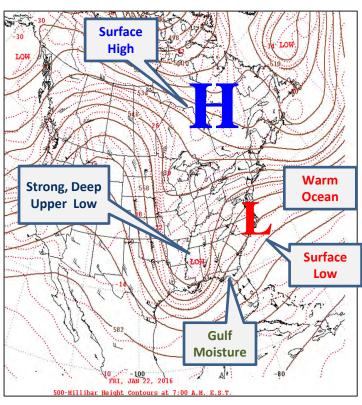
### General Nor'easter Characteristics

- Blizzard-like conditions
  - Strong winds, blowing and drifting snow
    - Visibilities ≤ ½ mile
    - Wind gusts ≥ 25 mph
- Track along eastern seaboard
  - Prevailing northeast surface winds
  - Coastal flooding with near hurricane strength
- Frequency
  - December through March





### Nor'easter Complexity and Low Tracks



#### • Greatest Impact

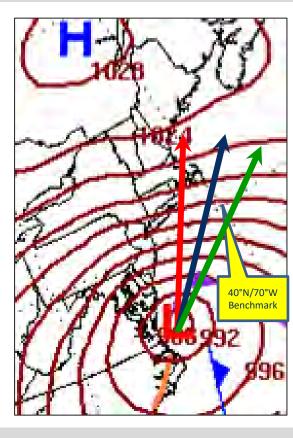
- Impacts ALL of Area
- Widespread 6-12"+
- 1-2 feet possible at times

#### • Medium Impact

- Several inches Northern NY/VT
- Greatest threat for 6"+ in S/E VT

#### Least Impact

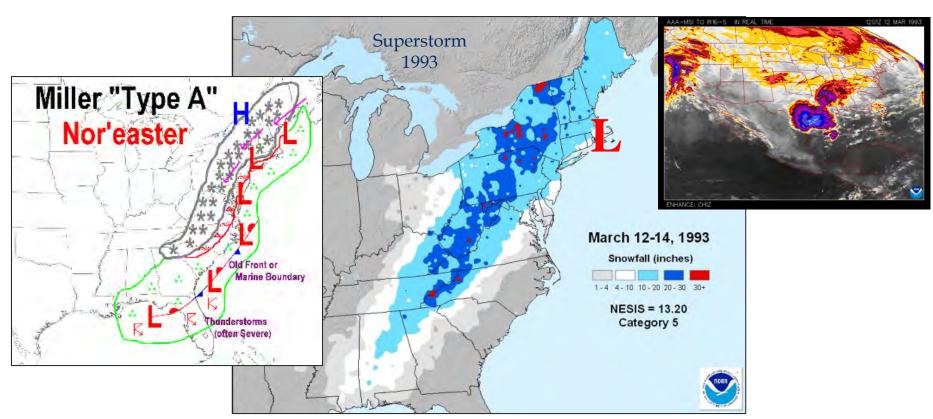
- No Snow in North
- Few inches in southern VT?





# Two Types of Nor'easters

Origins in the Gulf of Mexico or SE USA and then travels along the coast



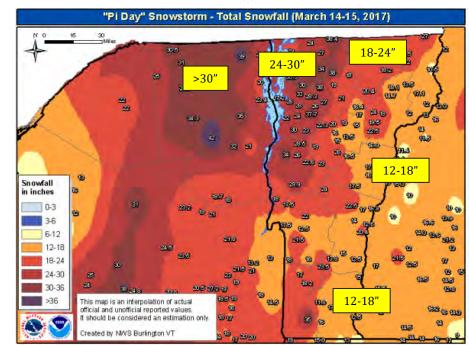


### Two Types of Nor'easters

Origins from the Central Plains and then transfers energy to the Mid-

Atlantic coast then moving northeast. (Majority) Miller "Type B" Nor'easter 12-15 March 2017 NESIS = 5.03Category 3

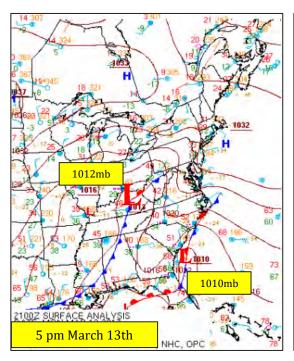
Pi-Day Storm (3/14-3/15) 2017

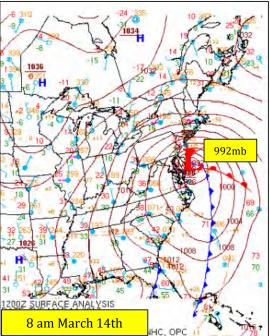


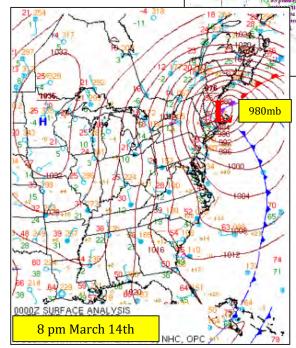


# Pi-Day Storm 2017 (3/14 – 3/15/2017)







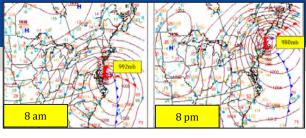


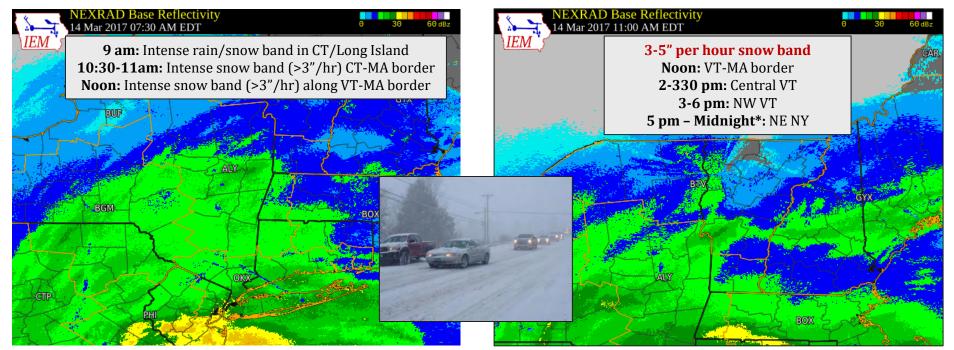


# Pi-Day Storm 2017 (3/14 – 3/15/2017)

Messaging 1-2+ inch/hr snowfall rates during the afternoon into evening commutes...up to two days in advance.

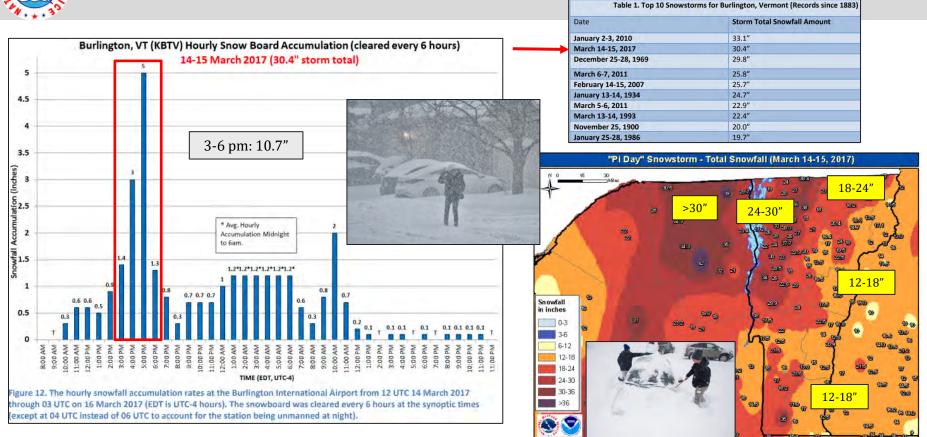
That Day - "Stay off the road!"







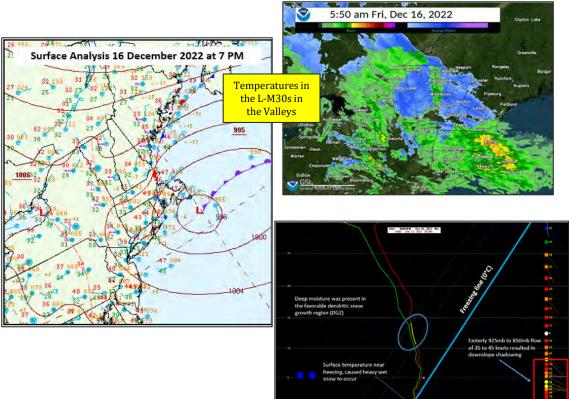
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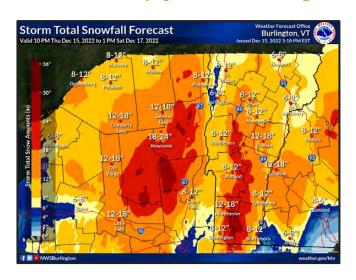




### Early/Late Season WET Snowfalls – Dec 15-17, 2022 / March 14-15, 2023

WET, Heavy Snow = Power Outages DRY, Powdery Snow = Poor visibility, potential drifting



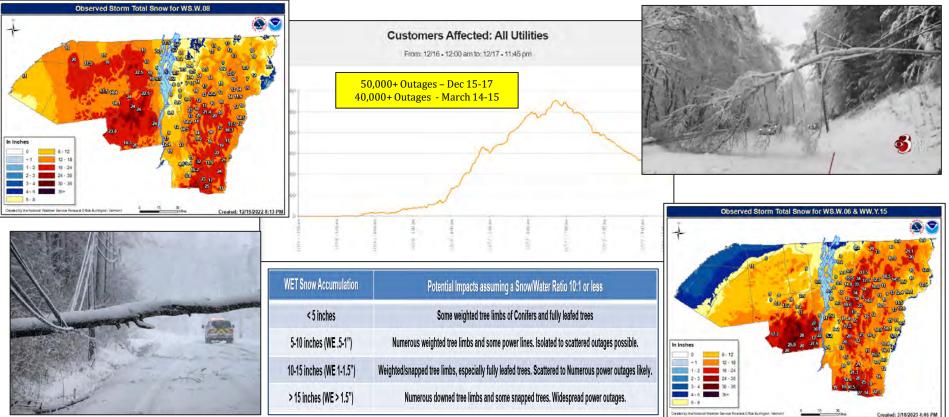


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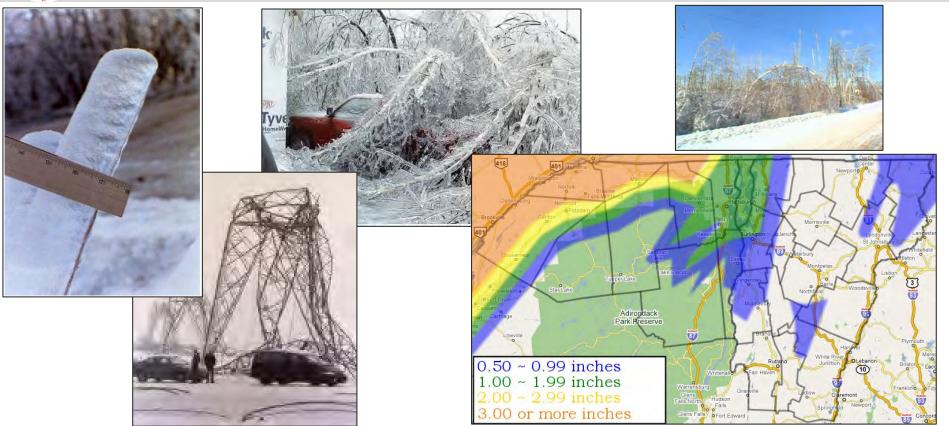
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# Ice Storm – January 1998

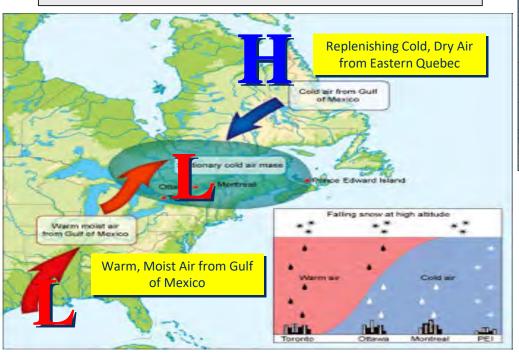
https://www.weather.gov/media/btv/events/IceStorm1998.pdf

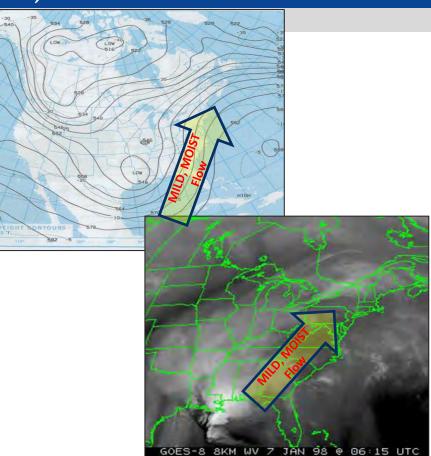




# Synoptic Overview - January 7-10, 1998

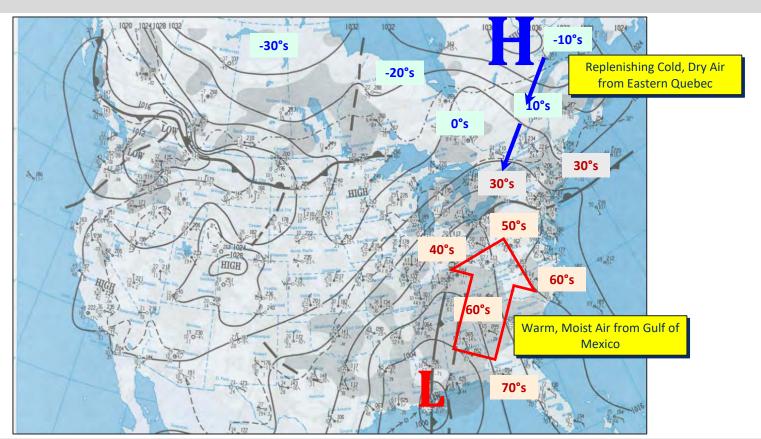
ICE Storms are the least frequent winter hazard in VT/NY. Ice Storm of 1998 is likely a 50-100 year Event.







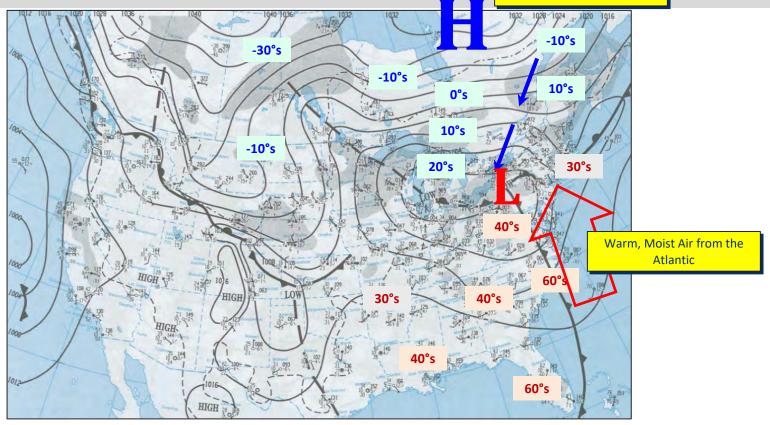
### Surface Map - January 7, 1998





Surface Map - January 9, 1998

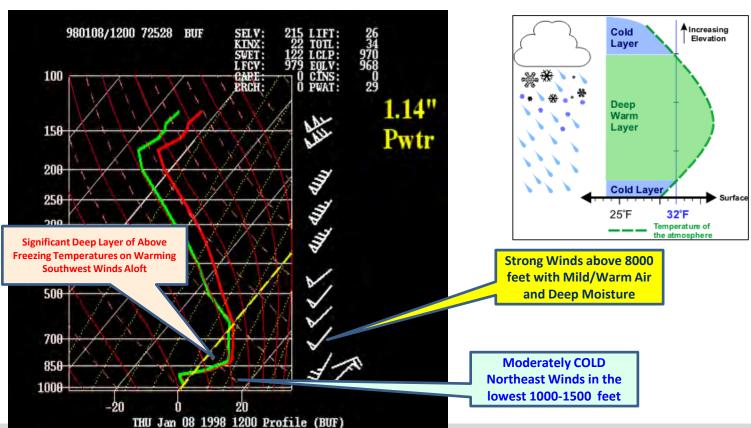
Replenishing Cold, Dry Air from Eastern Quebec





### **BUF Sounding**

Vertical Temperature Profiles for Determining Precipitation Type



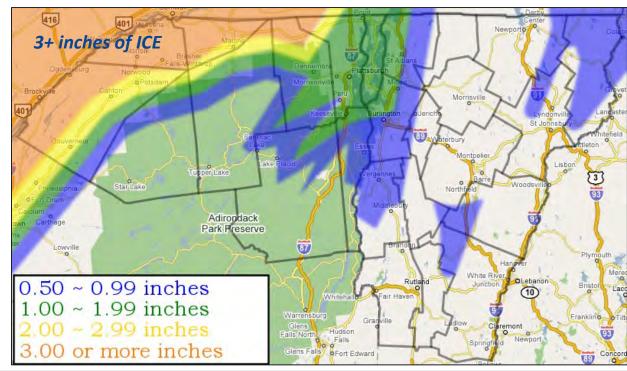


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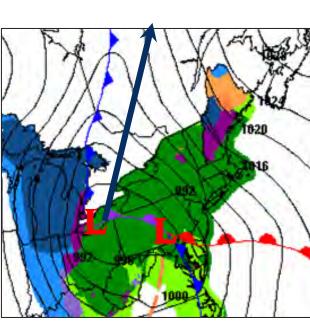


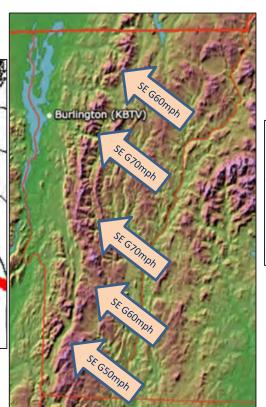


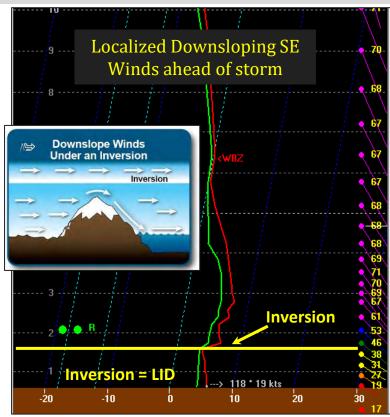




# Climatology/Ingredients of Downsloping Damaging Winds









### December 23, 2022 Wind and Flash Freeze











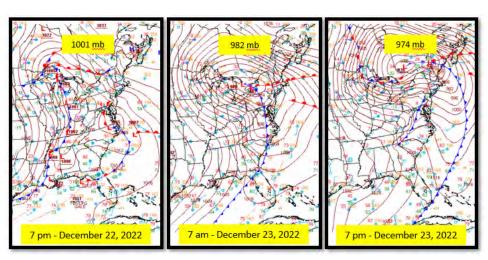
Strong to damaging winds of 50-65 mph on Friday.



Rapidly falling temperatures and flash freeze likely Friday afternoon/evening.



### December 23, 2022 Wind

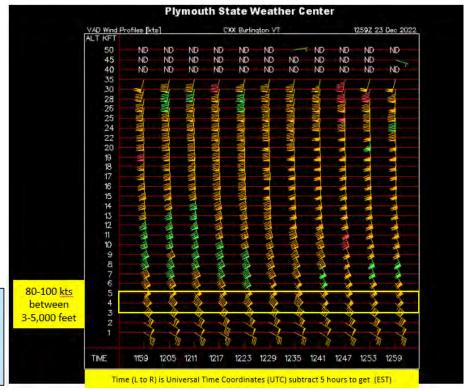




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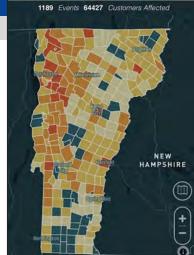
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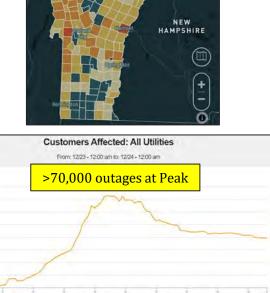




### December 23, 2022 Wind

#### VTOUTAGES VERMONT'S POWER OUTAGE RESOURCE





#### **Mount Mansfield Observations**

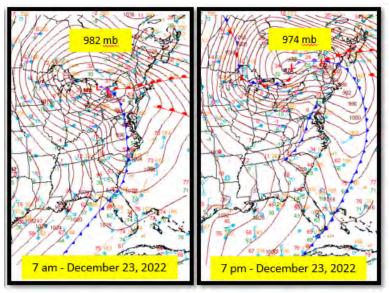
North Country Storm Maximum Wind Gusts - December 23, 2022	Mount N
N This map is an interpolation of actual reported values, but should be considered an estimation only.	Date/Time
+	(L)
25 48 50 48 50 W	Dec 23, 10:4
61 55 89 30 48 47	Dec 23, 10:3
1 43 m 49 m	Dec 23, 10:3
M 50 W 50000	Dec 23, 10:2
	Dec 23, 10.2
MPH 48 69:53	Dec 23, 10:1
MPH (3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	Dec 23, 10:1
25 - 30 89 40 35 75 50 93	
20. 26	Dec 23, 10:0
35 - 40 39 45 99 50	Dec 23, 9:55
30 1 1 48	Dec 23, 9:50
40-40	Dec 23, 9:45
	Dec 23, 9:40 Dec 23, 9:35
50 - 60 50 - 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	100
60-70 (8) (8) (8) (8)	Dec 23, 9:30
	Dec 23, 9:25
33,4	Dec 23, 9:20 Dec 23, 9:15
31 20 30	ODEC 23, 9:10
100-120 000 01 30 7 000 7	Dec 23, 9:05
	Dec 23, 9:00
>140	Dec 23, 8:55
3100	Dec 23, 8:50
∧⇔ Downslope Winds	Dec 23, 8:45
Under an Inversion	Dec 23, 8:40
	Dec 23, 8:35
Inversion	Dec 23, 8:30

Date/Time	Temp		Wind	Wind
(L)	(°F)	Chill (°F)	Direction	Speed (mph)
Dec 23, 10:40 am		22	ESE	43G58
Dec 23, 10:35 am			ESE	46G80
Dec 23, 10:30 am			ESE	59G77
Dec 23, 10:25 am		19	ESE	60G94
Dec 23, 10:20 am			ESE	53G79
Dec 23, 10:15 am		20	ESE	50G75
Dec 23, 10:10 am			ESE	55G79
Dec 23, 10:05 am		18	ESE	55G77
Dec 23, 10:00 am		19	ESE	50G70
Dec 23, 9:55 am	34	17	ESE	53G87
Dec 23, 9:50 am	34	16	ESE	59G101
	33	13	ESE	73G101
Dec 23, 9:40 am	33	13	ESE	70G110
	33	12	ESE	78G113
Dec 23, 9:30 am	33	13	ESE	76G104
Dec 23, 9:25 am	33	13	ESE	70G102
Dec 23, 9:20 am	33	14	ESE	67G114
Dec 23, 9:15 am	33	13	ESE	70G106
Dec 23, 9:10 am	33	13	ESE	72G107
Dec 23, 9:05 am	33	13	ESE	71G130
Dec 23, 9:00 am	33	15	E	56G114
Dec 23, 8:55 am	33	15	E	55G112
Dec 23, 8:50 am	33	13	E	75G107
Dec 23, 8:45 am	33	13	E	71G103
Dec 23, 8:40 am	33	13	E	71G89
Dec 23, 8:35 am	33	14	E	67G86
Dec 23, 8:30 am	33	13	E	72G101
Dec 23, 8:25 am	33	14	E	65G99
Dec 23, 8:20 am	33	12	E	85G118
Dec 23, 8:15 am	33	14	E	61G84
Dec 23, 8:10 am	33	13	E	68G95
Dec 23, 8:05 am	33	13	E	71G92
Dec 23, 8:00 am	33	13	E	68G89





#### December 23, 2022 Flash Freeze

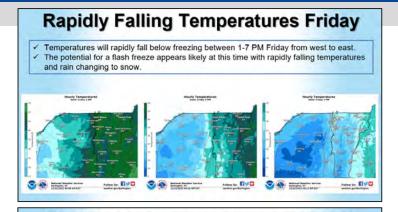


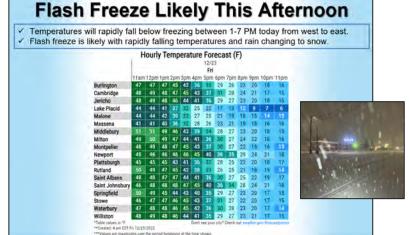


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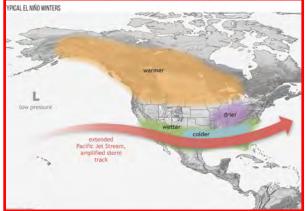
Rapidly falling temperatures and flash freeze likely Friday afternoon/evening.

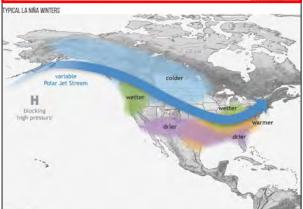




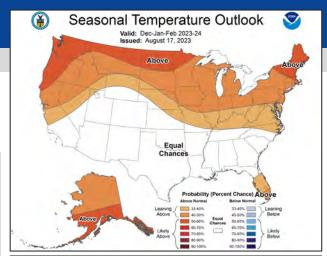


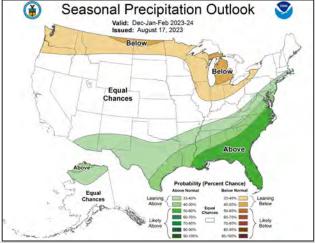
#### Winter 2023-24?





Rank	Season	Mean	Avg Temperature
1	2015-2016	SE	30.1
2	2016-2017	WL	29.5
3	2022-2023	WL	29.0
4	2001-2002	N	28.7
5	2011-2012	ML	27.8
6	1932-1933	NA	27.5
7	1905-1906	NA	27.3
8	1936-1937	NA	26.3
9	2019-2020	N	26.1
10	1931-1932	NA	25.9







# Questions?

- NWS Burlington webpage <u>www.weather.gov/btv</u>
- NWS Burlington Winter Webpage www.weather.gov/btv/winter



- **If you need to reach a forecaster 24/7**, then please use the following contacts. 802-658-0150 or <a href="mailto:nwsbtv.info@noaa.gov">nwsbtv.info@noaa.gov</a>
- Scott Whittier <u>scott.whittier@noaa.gov</u>