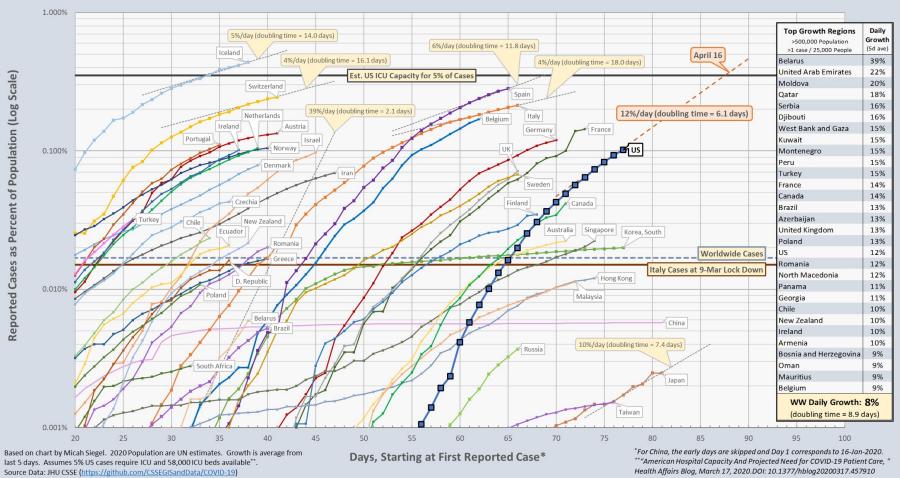
COVID-19 MODELING April 6, 2020

Overview

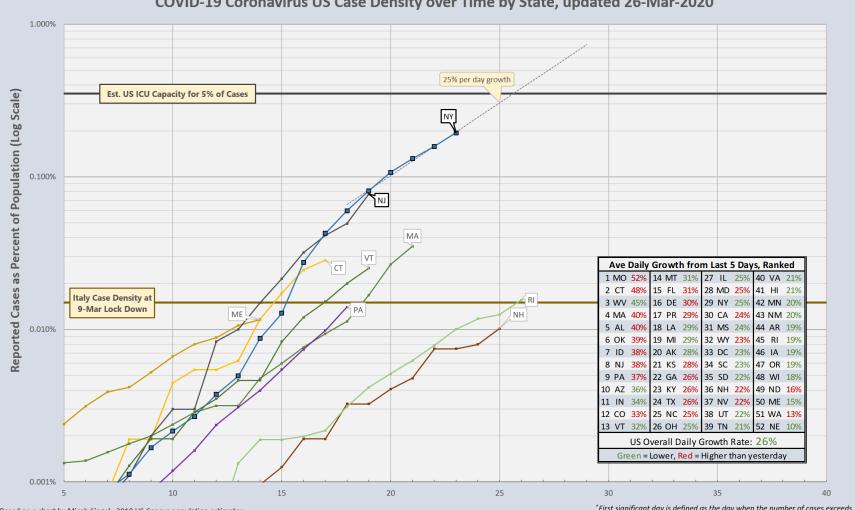
- Goal: Develop multiple forecasting perspectives
 - Oliver Wyman Helen Leis
 - Columbia University Professor Jeffrey Shaman, Ph.D.
 - Northeastern University Professor Alessandro Vespignani, Ph.D.
- Forecasting is imprecise:
 - <u>Focus on the near term:</u> Forecasting is much less predictable the further out you model
 - <u>Focus on ranges rather than specifics:</u> Forecasts are represented as a range of possible outcomes (i.e., likely, best & worst)
 - <u>Consistent refinement:</u> Continually updating with new data and new assumptions
 - <u>Appropriate Perspective:</u> Ultimately forecasts are developed for planning purposes and are not representative of definitive outcomes
- Ultimate Purpose of Forecasting: Medical Surge Planning
 - Tracking the available staffed hospital beds
 - Tracking the available ICU beds
 - Tracking the available ventilators
 - Tracking the supply of PPE

Comparison of Growth by Country



COVID-19 Coronavirus Cases per Capita over Time by Country, updated 5-April-2020

VT's Growth Rate Compared to Northeast States



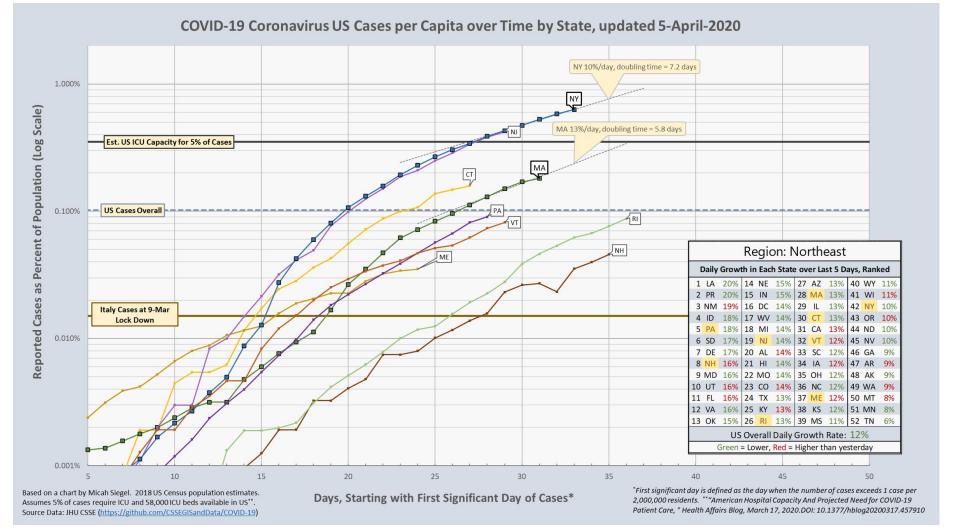
COVID-19 Coronavirus US Case Density over Time by State, updated 26-Mar-2020

Based on a chart by Micah Siegel. 2018 US Census population estimates. Assumes 5% of cases require ICU and 58,000 ICU beds available in US**. Source Data: JHU CSSE (https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19)

Days, Starting with First Significant Day of Cases*

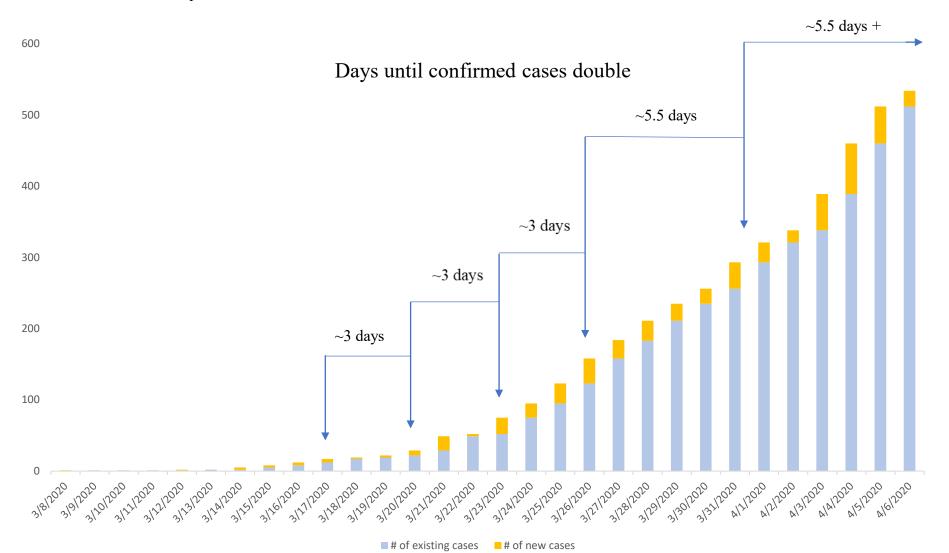
*First significant day is defined as the day when the number of cases exceeds 1 case per 2,000,000 residents. ** "American Hospital Capacity And Projected Need for COVID-19 Patient Care, " Health Affairs Blog, March 17, 2020.DOI: 10.1377/hblog20200317.457910

VT's Growth Rate Compared to Northeast States



Vermont's Daily COVID-19 Confirmed Case Growth

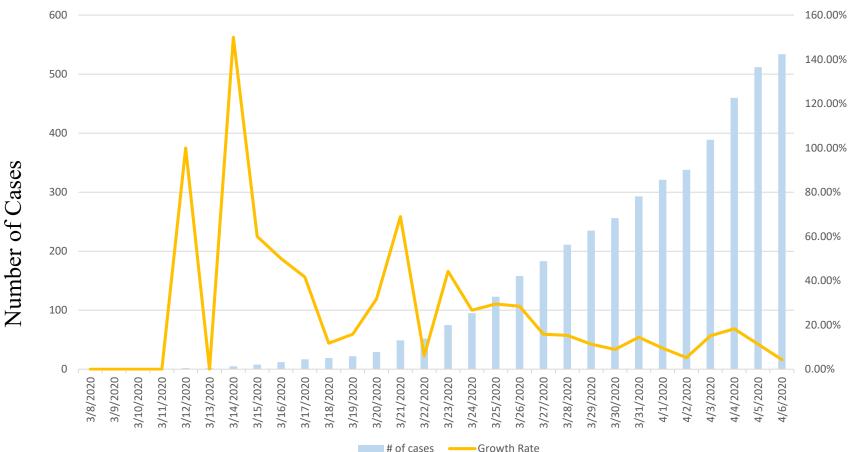
Source: Vermont Department of Health



Vermont's Daily Growth Rate Compared to Total Cases

Source: Vermont Department of Health

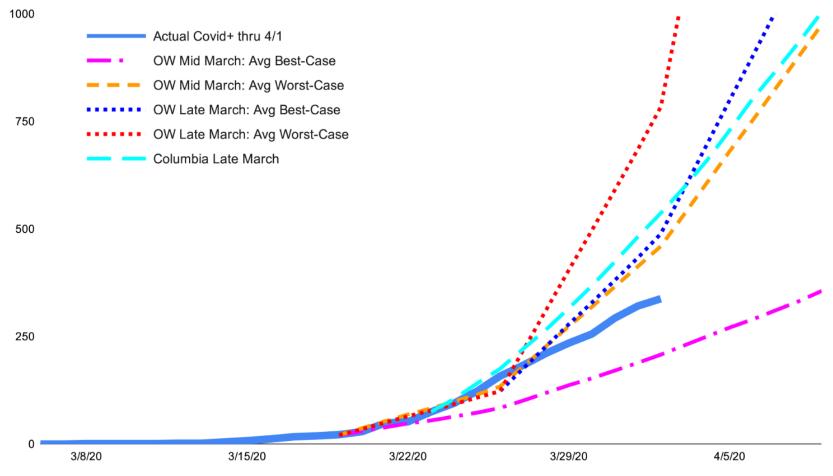
Note: This chart notes the stability of Vermont's case growth rate as we approached and surpassed 100 confirmed cases.



Percentage of Case Growth

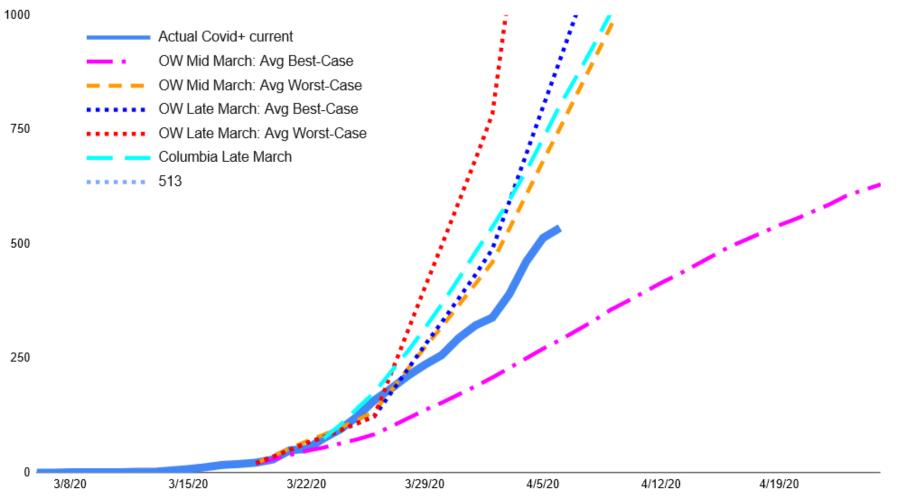
Close Look at Forecasting vs. Actual Case Count

Actual Cases vs. Projections (March 8th to April 9th // 0-1,000 Cases)



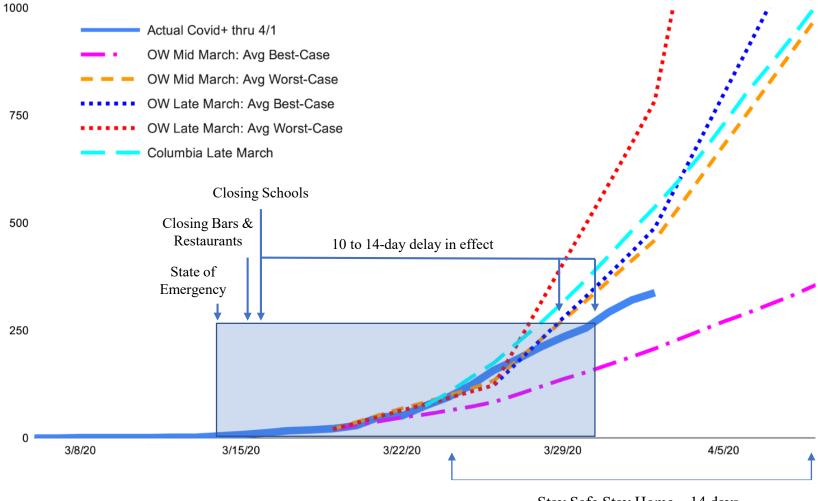
Close Look at Forecasting vs. Actual Case Count

Actual Cases vs. Projections (March 8th to April 9th // 0-1,000 Cases)



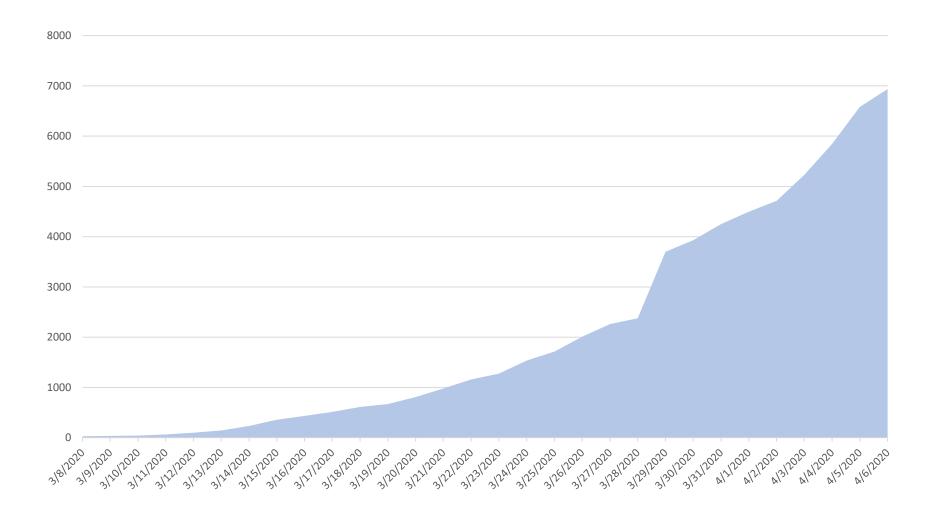
Days Until the Impact of Social Distancing is Seen

Actual Cases vs. Projections (March 8th to April 9th // 0-1,000 Cases)



Stay Safe Stay Home – 14 days March 24th – April 8th

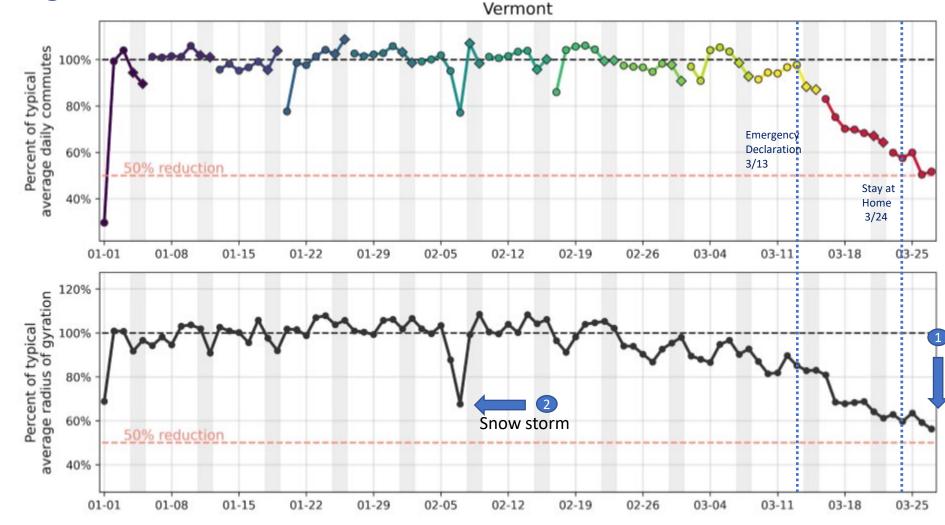
Total Vermont Testing Over Time



Vermont's Mobility Reductions

Key Points:

- 1 50% Reduction in physical movement with mitigation policies in place
- 2 Dip on Feb 7 is the snowstorm; this means people are moving around LESS than they did during the big snowstorm \rightarrow this is very good



Source: Dr. Vespignani, Northeastern University

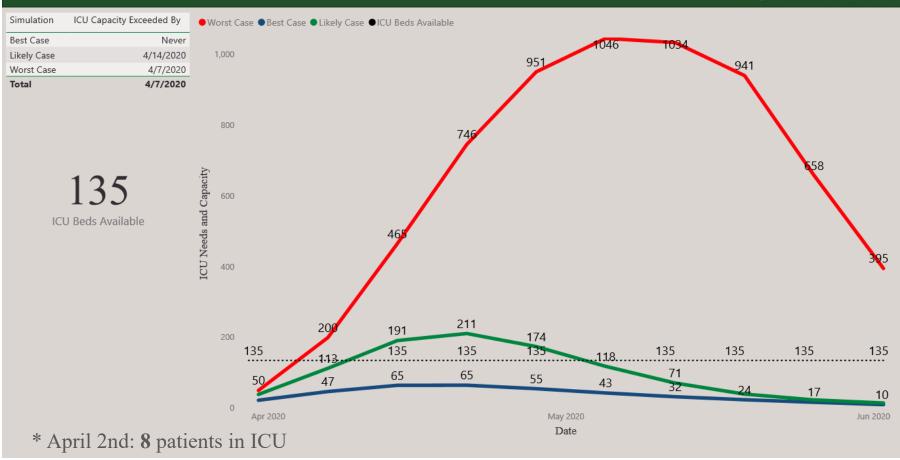
Hospitalization Needs – Likely, Best & Worst Note – Late March Trajectory

COVID-19 Capacity Scenarios - Bed Needs VERN Simulation Bed Capacity Exceeded By ● Worst Case ● Best Case ● Likely Case ● General Beds Best Case Never 2492 2,500 2405 Likely Case Never 4/14/2020 Worst Case 2224 4/14/2020 Total 195 Bed Needs and Capacity 1,500 126 Beds Available 1,000 622 622 622 622 622 622 622 622 622 508 521 500 398 316 255 170 170 143 125 111 60 42 25 0 Apr 2020 May 2020 Jun 2020 Date * April 2nd: 29 patients hospitalized

Modeling is for planning purposes only Not representative of definitive outcomes.

ICU Needs – Likely, Best & Worst Note – Late March Trajectory

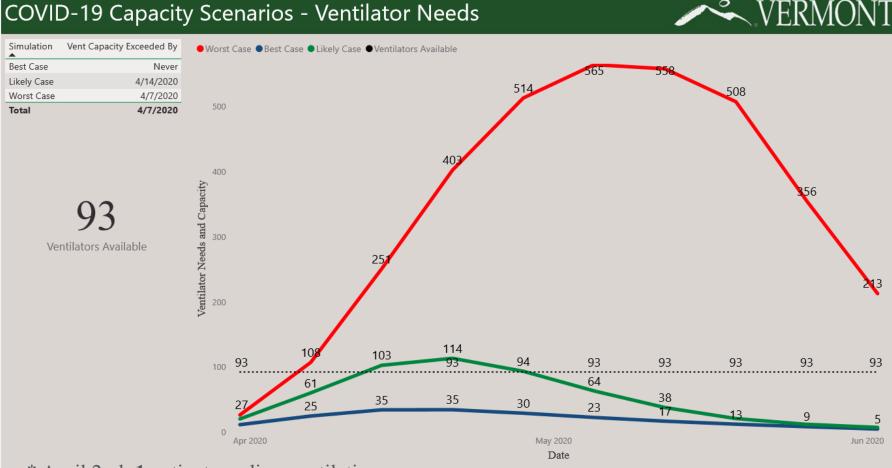
COVID-19 Capacity Scenarios - ICU Needs



Modeling is for planning purposes only Not representative of definitive outcomes.

VERMON

Ventilator Needs – Likely, Best & Worst Note – Late March Trajectory



* April 2nd: 1 patient needing ventilation

Modeling is for planning purposes only Not representative of definitive outcomes.